§ 404.133

status requirements in §404.110, but apply the following rules in determining when the period of elasped years ends:

- (a) If you are a woman, or a man born after January 1, 1913, the period of elapsed years in §404.110(b) used in determining the number of quarters of coverage (QCs) you need to be fully insured ends as of the earlier of—
 - (1) The year you become age 62; or
 - (2) The year in which—
 - (i) Your period of disability begins;
- (ii) Your waiting period begins (see §404.315(d)); or
- (iii) You become entitled to disability insurance benefits (if you do not have to serve a waiting period).
- (b) If you are a man born before January 2, 1913, the period of elapsed years in §404.110(b) used in determining the number of QCs you need to be fully insured ends as of the earlier of—
 - (1) The year 1975; or
- (2) The year specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

[45 FR 25384, Apr. 15, 1980, as amended at 49 FR 28547, July 13, 1984]

§ 404.133 When we give you quarters of coverage based on military service to establish a period of disability.

For purposes of establishing a period of disability only, we give you quarters of coverage (QCs) for your military service before 1957 (see subpart N of this part). We do this even though we may not use that military service for other purposes of title II of the Act because a periodic benefit is payable from another Federal agency based in whole or in part on the same period of military service.

QUARTERS OF COVERAGE

§ 404.140 What is a quarter of coverage.

- (a) General. A quarter of coverage (QC) is the basic unit of social security coverage used in determining a worker's insured status. We credit you with QCs based on your earnings covered under social security.
- (b) How we credit QCs based on earnings before 1978 (General). Before 1978, wages were generally reported on a quarterly basis and self-employment income was reported on an annual

basis. For the most part, we credit QCs for calendar years before 1978 based on your quarterly earnings. For these years, as explained in §404.141, we generally credit you with a QC for each calendar quarter in which you were paid at least \$50 in wages or were credited with at least \$100 of self-employment income. Section 404.142 tells how self-employment income derived in a taxable year beginning before 1978 is credited to specific calendar quarters for purposes of §404.141.

- (c) How we credit QCs based on earnings after 1977 (General). After 1977, both wages and self-employment income are generally reported on an annual basis. For calendar years after 1977, as explained in §404.143, we generally credit you with a QC for each part of your total covered earnings in a calendar year that equals the amount required for a QC in that year. Section 404.143 also tells how the amount required for a QC will be increased in the future as average wages increase. Section 404.144 tells how self-employment income derived in a taxable year beginning after 1977 is credited to specific calendar
- (d) When a QC is acquired and when a calendar quarter is not a QC (general). Section 404.145 tells when a QC is acquired and §404.146 tells when a calendar quarter cannot be a QC. These rules apply when we credit QCs under §404.141 or §404.143.

years for purposes of §404.143.

§ 404.141 How we credit quarters of coverage for calendar years before 1978.

- (a) General. The rules in this section tell how we credit calendar quarters as quarters of coverage (QCs) for calendar years before 1978. We credit you with a QC for a calendar quarter based on the amount of wages you were paid and self-employment income you derived during certain periods. The rules in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section are subject to the limitations in § 404.146, which tells when a calendar quarter cannot be a QC.
- (b) How we credit QCs based on wages paid in, or self-employment income credited to, a calendar quarter. We credit you with a QC for a calendar quarter in which—